

PEOPLES' FRIENDSHIP UNIVERSITY OF RUSSIA NAMED AFTER PATRICE LUMUMBA
RUDN UNIVERSITY

Tests for RUDN University Open Olympiad for Foreign Citizens
PUBLIC RELATIONS/JOURNALISM/PSYCHOLOGY (M)

Variant 1

Choose one or more correct answers in the test tasks.

Transfer the answer numbers to the answer sheet:

question	answers	question	answers
1		16	
2		17	
3		18	
4		19	
5		20	
6		21	
7		22	
8		23	
9		24	
10		25	
11		26	
12		27	
13		28	
14			
15			

1. Which of these civilizations existed the longest?

- A) Egyptian;
- B) Western;
- C) Hindu;
- D) Chinese.

2. In what year did the world religion of Islam originate?

- A) In the year 312;
- B) In the year 610;
- C) In the year 988;
- D) In the year 1201.

3. The world's first female prime minister was elected in:

- A) Great Britain;
- B) Sri Lanka (Ceylon);
- C) India;
- D) Algeria.

4. Which language is not an official language of the United Nations?

- A) Russian;
- B) French;
- C) Arabic;
- D) German.

5. In which country was the Holy Book of Muslims, the Quran, first published in print?

- A) Turkey;
- B) Russia;
- C) Iran;
- D) Finland.

6. What country does not have a single document that could be called the basic law of the country, the Constitution?

- A) Great Britain;
- B) South Africa;
- C) Switzerland;
- D) Algeria.

7. Which of the names of countries is not an abbreviation?

- A) CAR;
- B) CHAD;
- C) RSA;
- D) DPRK.

8. Which mountain is the tallest in the world?

- A) Mount Everest;
- B) Mount Kilimanjaro;
- C) Makalu;
- D) Mount Elbrus.

9. Which of the following states is in Africa?

- A) Andorra;
- B) Guyana;
- C) Myanmar;
- D) Rwanda.

10. India's territory is smaller than China:

- A) By nearly two times;
- B) By nearly three times;
- C) By nearly five times;
- D) The territories of these countries are almost identical.

11. Five years ago (in 2018), this African country was called Swaziland.

What is it called now?

- A) Lesotho;
- B) Zanzibar Archipelago;
- C) Ceylon;
- D) Eswatini.

12. Russian avant-guard art – a number of abstract and semi-abstract movements sprang up in the first half of the 20th century, associated with:

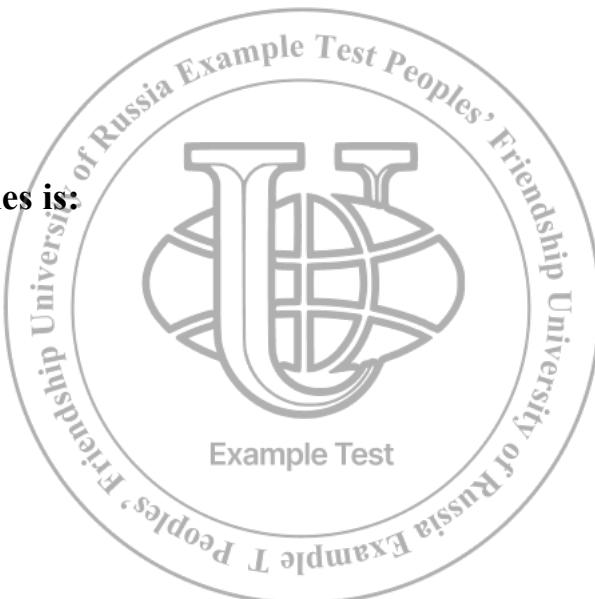
- A) Black Square by Kazimir Malevich;
- B) Ivan the Terrible and His Son Ivan by Ilya Repin;
- C) The Trinity by Andrey Rublev;
- D) The Ninth Wave by Ivan Aivazovsky.

13. A Russian (Soviet) film director, screenwriter, the director of “The Battleship Potemkin” (1925), the father of the film montage:

- A) Sergei Eisenstein;
- B) Nikita Michalkov;
- C) Andrei Tarkovsky;
- D) Andrei Konchalovsky.

14. The old witch from the Russian fairy tales is:

- A) Baba Yaga;
- B) Leda;
- C) Vasilisa the Beautiful;
- D) Snegurochka.



15.Which dance form is the most famous cultural symbol of Russia?

- A) Russian Ballet;
- B) Dubbkuh;
- C) Horovod;
- D) Lezginka.

16.A popular visual symbol of Moscow – the Orthodox church with colorful cupolas situated on the Red Square beside the Moscow Kremlin and represented all over the souvenirs is:

- A) Peterhof Palace;
- B) Saint Basil's Cathedral;
- C) Bolshoi Theatre;
- D) Kazan Cathedral.

17.What was the name of the famous Russian scientist who created the periodic system of chemical elements?

- A) Dmitri Mendeleev;
- B) Alexander Popov;
- C) Mikhail Lomonosov.

**18.In Russia the monarchy was abolished as a result of
(Finish the phrase by choosing the correct option)**

- A) the 1905-1907 revolutions;
- B) The Russian Civil War of 1918-1921;
- C) The February Revolution of 1917;
- D) The October Revolution of 1917.

19.Where is the largest and most famous museum in the Russian Federation, the Hermitage?

- A) In Novosibirsk;
- B) In Saint Petersburg;
- C) In Kaliningrad.

20.When did World War II begin?

- A) September 1, 1939;
- B) June 22, 1941;
- C) July 28, 1914.

21.Which war lasted 38 minutes, becoming the shortest war in history?

- A) The Anglo-Zulu War;
- B) The Anglo-Egyptian War;

C) The Anglo-Zanzibar War.

22. Which of the following countries were the victors in World War II?

(Mark all the correct answers)

- A) Great Britain;
- B) The Soviet Union;
- C) The United States;
- D) France;
- E) China;
- F) Japan;
- G) Poland;
- H) Federal Republic of Germany.

23. In which country did Europe's first bourgeois revolution take place?

- A) In England;
- B) In France;
- C) In the Netherlands.

24. Which work was written by the ancient Greek author Homer?

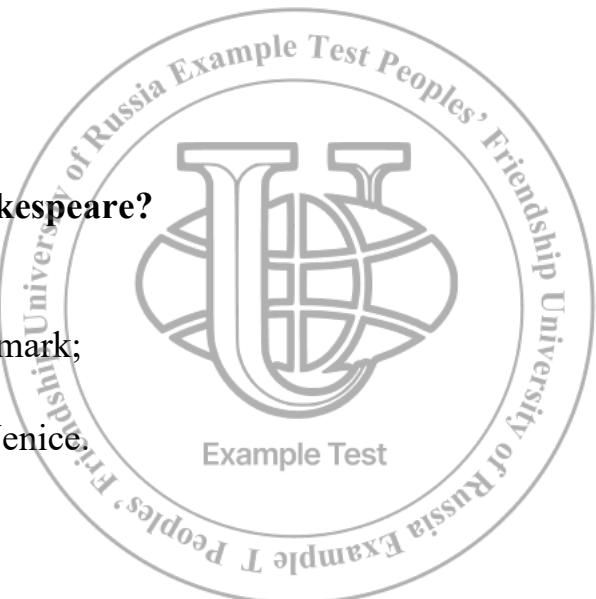
- A) The Golden Ass;
- B) The Odyssey;
- C) Tristan and Iseult;
- D) Crime and Punishment;
- E) Medea.

25. Select the correct sequence of changes from one literary movement to another in the history of world literature

- A) Classicism, Modernism, Romanticism;
- B) Classicalism, Sentimentalism, Romanticism;
- C) Sentimentalism, Classicism, Romanticism;
- D) Sentimentalism, Romanticism, Classicism;
- E) Romanticism, Modernism, Classicism.

26. Which work is NOT written by W. Shakespeare?

- A) Romeo and Juliet;
- B) Tartuffe, or The Impostor;
- C) The Tragedy of Hamlet, Prince of Denmark;
- D) A Midsummer Night's Dream;
- E) The Tragedy of Othello, the Moor of Venice.



27. During the reign of which Prince was the baptism of Rus' in 988?

- A) Yaroslav the Wise;
- B) Sviatoslav I Igorevich;
- C) Vladimir I Sviatoslavich.

28. Identify the authors of the following works:

A) Ulysses	A) Erich Maria Remarque
B) Bel Ami, or the History of a Scoundrel	B) W. Shakespeare
C) Crime and Punishment	C) J. Joyce
D) All Quiet on the Western Front	D) Guy de Maupassant
E) Romeo and Juliet	E) F.M. Dostoevsky